Year Group:	Autumn Term:	Spring Term:	Summer Term:
Reception:	Seasons — autumn walks to explore the current seasonal changes and how these will differ in seasons. Children will observe the changes in their environment.	Exploring cultural differences between China and our own lives.	Recounting a holiday you have been on. Exploring climates in different countries. Looking at all four seasons and comparing the differences.
Year 1:	ME, MYSELF AND I Geographical skills and fieldwork ————————————————————————————————————	1 ST HALF TERM- KATIE MORAG 2 ND HALF TERM- ON THE FARM Name & locate the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom using atlases & globes. Identify seasonal / daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to local & familiar features Key Skills They answer some questions using different resources, such as books, the internet and atlases. They think of a few relevant questions to ask about a locality. They tell someone their address. Explain the main features of a hot and cold place. They describe a locality using words and pictures. They name some of the main towns and cities in the United Kingdom. They point out where the equator, north pole and south pole are on a globe or atlas. They name different jobs that people living in their area might do.	BUCKETS AND SPADES Name & locate the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom using atlases & globes. Identify seasonal / daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world – linked to the summer and seasides. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to local & familiar features. Use four compass directions & simple vocab. Seaside day. Key Skills They tell something about the people who live in hot and cold places? They explain what they might wear if they lived in a very hot or a very cold place. (Link to Science in Spring.)

Year 2:	The UK	Seven continents and countries within –	Local area/environmental issues and
	UK cities with a focus on London	Italy (Europe), Australia (Australasia), USA	solutions
	Geographical enquiry — labelling maps of London	(North America), Brazil (South America),	
	with key features	Ghana (Africa), China (Asia), Antarctica.	Geographical enquiry
	Physical geography – describing London and		- Find out about a locality by asking some relevant
	comparing to other cities in the UK	Geographical enquiry	questions to someone else
	- Describe features associated with an island	- Label a diagram/map using geographical	- Say what they like and don't like about their
	Geographical knowledge – naming the cities and	vocabulary	locality and another locality like the seaside?
	countries that make up the UK	- Discuss localities by using different sources of	Physical geography
	'	evidence	- Describe some physical features of their own
		Physical geography	locality.
		- Explain what makes a locality special	- Describe some places which are not near the
		- Describe some places away from the UK, outside	school.
		of Europe using geographical language	- Find the longest and shortest route using a map.
		Human geography	Human geography
		- Describe how jobs may be different in different	- Explain what facilities a town or village might
		parts of the world	need.
		- Describe the effects humans have on a piece of	- Positively and negatively evaluate the impact
		land/country	humans have upon an area.
		- Explain how the weather/climate affects different	Geographical knowledge
		people. Could you also look at the location of hot	- Find where they live on a map.
		and cold areas in relation to the Equator?	- Continue to discuss North, South, East and West
		- Look at the location of hot and cold area of the	using maps.
		world in relation to the equator.	
		Geographical Knowledge	
		- Locate some of the world's major rivers and	
		mountain ranges	
		- Point out North, South, East and West	
		Use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks	
		Could you compare a small area of the UK with a	
		contrasting non-European country during this	
		topic? Including looking at human and physical	
		geography.	

		- Using the skills detailed above a locality	
		that has been studied to the UK.	
	Cycle A:	Cycle A:	Cycle A:
Year 3/4			
	Comparing Rome to the local area	Geography of Africa – landscapes, countries, rivers, lakes,	Where are rainforests located?
	Including:	seas	Including:
	Pompeii – describing how volcanoes impact on human lives	6 1: 15 :	Understanding the equator
	Tompon account to the voice account in page on manual area	Geographical Enquiry: • Identify key features of a locality by using a map	Layers of the canopy Climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts
	Geographical Enquiry:	Accurately plot NSEW on a map	Sanate Zones, biomes and regetation betts
	• Use correct geographical words to describe a place and the events	Use some basic OS map symbols	Geographical Enquiry:
	that happen there		Use correct geographical words to describe a place and the events
	Physical Geography:	Physical Geography:	that happen there.
	Describe how volcanoes are created	Confidently describe physical features of a locality.	Identify key features of a locality by using a map.
	Confidently describe physical features in a locality	Recognise the 8 points of the compass.	Make accurate measurement of distances within 100Km. Can they accurately measure and collect information (e.g. rainfall,
		Human Geography:	temperature, wind speed, noise levels etc.)?
	Human Geography:	• Explain what a place is like.	Physical Geography
	Describe how volcanoes have an impact on people's lives	• Explain how a locality has changed over time with reference to	Use maps and atlases appropriately by using contents and
	 Confidently describe human features in a locality Explain how a locality has changed over time with reference to 	human features.	indexes.
	human features	Find and discuss different views about an environmental issue and describe their view.	Confidently describe physical features in a locality.
	Suggest different ways that a locality could be changed and	Suggest ways that a locality could be changed and improved.	Human Geography Confidently describe human features in a locality.
	improved	• Explain how people are trying to manage their environment.	Explain why a locality has certain human features.
		Explain from proper and rightly to markage their divisional.	Explain why a place is like it is.
	Geographical Knowledge:	Geographical Knowledge:	Explain how a locality has changed over time with reference to
	 Locate and name some of the world's most famous volcanoes 	Be aware of the weather in different parts of the world.	human features
			Find different views about an environmental issue? What is their
	Cycle B:		view
		Cycle B:	Suggest different ways that a locality could be changed and improved.
	Using maps to locate the British Empire in Victorian times		improved Geographical Knowledge
	(locational knowledge and geographical skills)	Using maps to geographical enquiry using maps and	Name a number of countries in the Northern Hemisphere
		geographical enquiry skills	Be aware of the weather in different parts of the world.
	Physical Geography:	Goographical Enguirus	
	Use maps and atlases appropriately by using contents and indexes.	Geographical Enquiry: • Find the same place on globe and in an atlas	Cycle B:
	indexes	- Take the same place on globe and in an allas	<u>-9-11 5.</u>

	Geographical Knowledge: Name a number of countries in the Northern Hemisphere Name and locate well known European cities	Physical Geography: Describe the main features of a village and describe the main physical differences between cities and villages Human Geography: Explain how people are attracted to living in cities Explain why people may choose to live in a village rather than a city Geographical Knowledge: Name 6 cities in the UK and locate them on a map Mountain/volcano localities and formations Links to be made to the water cycle (Science). Geographical Enquiry: Label the same features on an aerial photograph and on a map Physical Geography: Describe how volcanos are created Describe how earthquakes are created Human Geography: Describe how volcanoes have an impact on people's lives	Stone Age Geographical Enquiry: Identify key features of a locality by using a map Accurately plot NSEW on a map Identify latitude, longitude, arctic and Antarctic circle Use some basic OS map symbols Physical Geography: Recognise the 8 compass points Human Geography: Describe how volcanoes have an impact on people's lives Describe human features in a locality Explain why a place is like it is Geographical Knowledge: Locate and name some of the world's most famous volcanoes
Year 5/6	Cycle A: Where were children evacuated to? Contrasting localities	Geographical Knowledge: Locate and name some of the world's most famous volcanoes Locate the tropic of Cancer and Capricorn Identify latitude, longitude, arctic and Antarctic circle Cycle A: India — location Link to fair trade topic for economic links	Cycle A: Can they map land use? (Himley/Long Mynd trip)
	Countries of the world Europe	Look at climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts maybe during the India topic? Cycle B:	Can they make detailed sketches and plans; improving their accuracy later? (Himley/Long Mynd)

Can they give an extended description of the human features of different places around the world?

Local main countries involved in WW2 such as Russia on a map

Cycle B:

Locate Greece and other European countries on a map.

Locate the main city states in Ancient Greece on a map.

Comparing Greece with the local area.

Make comparisons between Ancient and Modern Greece land uses and physical and human geographical features explaining things that have changed and things which have stayed the same

Can they find possible answers to their own geographical questions? (How are they similar/different?)

Can they plan a journey to a place in another part of the world, taking account of distance and time? (Plan route from Athens to Sparta) Human characteristics of local area

Compare local area with another on a different continent

Locality fieldwork - Himley?

Can they map land use with their own criteria?

Can they recognise key symbols used on ordnance survey maps?

Can they map land use? (Himley/Long Mynd trip)

Can they make detailed sketches and plans; improving their accuracy later? (Himley/Long Mynd)

Can they confidently explain scale and use maps with a range of scales?

Can they choose the best way to collect information needed and decide the most appropriate units of measure?

Can they make careful measurements and use the data?

Can they use OS maps to answer questions?

Can they recognise key symbols used on ordnance survey maps?

Can they confidently explain scale and use maps with a range of scales?

Can they choose the best way to collect information needed and decide the most appropriate units of measure?

Can they make careful measurements and use the data?

Can they use OS maps to answer questions?

Can they create sketch maps when carrying out a field study

Can they explain why many cities of the world are situated by rivers?

Cycle B:

Survival on island – global warming and understanding of the current climate.

Can they explain why many cities of the world are situated by rivers? (Egypt Nile)

Holes - United States of America - the 51 states Comparing landscapes

Can they explain how a location fits into its wider Can they collect information about a place and geographical location; with reference to physical use it in a report?(BCM information leaflet Locate the USA and Canada on a world map and features? (Athens and Sparta) following trip) atlas? Name and locate many of the world's most Can they find possible answers to their own Can they give extended descriptions of the famous mountain regions on maps? geographical questions? Children to generate physical features of different places around the (Y4 Mountains topic – reference during Taygetos questions about why Black Country was key in IR) world? Greece lessons) Can they give an extended description of the Can they describe how some places are similar and human features of different places around the others are different in relation to their physical world? features? Can they name the largest desert in the world? Can they identify and name the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and Antarctic circles? Can they explain how the time zones work using

terminology such as latitude and longitude,